

# Intelect® F-SW™ USA

#### Indication

A non-invasive treatment option for patients with heel pain due to chronic proximal plantar fasciitis. 15,16

#### Features

#### LCD touch screen

For easy control

#### Transportable

Not limited to one room or facility

#### 2 stand-off variations

For optimum therapeutic effectiveness

# 4.7" penetration with pinpoint focus\* Can target deep tissue

#### Enhanced Energy: 0.01 - 0.55mJ/mm<sup>2</sup>

Stimulate anti-inflammatory and regenerative mechanisms<sup>1,2</sup>

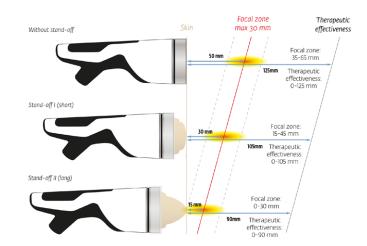
#### Broad Frequency Range: 1 - 8Hz

Customize treatment to patient needs

#### Benefits

- Short treatment time (a few minutes)
- Precise and targeted application
- Results in a few treatments (1-5)3,4,5
- Deep tissue can be reached
- Non-invasive technology
- Alternative to medication

# Stand-offs and penetration depths of the F-SW handpiece





1 Mariotto S, et al. Extracorporeal shock waves: from lithotripsy to anti-inflammatory action by NO production. Nitric Oxide. 2005 Mar;12(2):89-96

Ciampa AR, et al. Nitric oxide mediates anti-inflammatory action of extracorporeal shock waves. FEBS Lett. 2005 Dec 19,579(30):6839-45.

s Golimizer H, et al. Limically relevant effectiveness of focused extracorporeal snock wave therapy in the treatment of chronic plantar fascitiss: a randomized, controlled multicenter study. I Bone Joint Surg Am. 2015 May 0,97(9):701-8.

4 (Illusoy A, Cerrahogliu L, Orgue S. Magnetic Resonance Imaging and Clinical Outcomes of Laser Therapy, und Extracorporeal Shock Wave Therapy for Treatment of Plantar Fascilitis: A Randomized Controlled Trial. J Foot
Ankle Surg. 2017 Jul - Aug.;6(4):762-767.

Annic suig. 2017 Jun - Pug. 3-30 (47) / 2027 PD ;
S Rompe JD, et al. Shock awar application for chronic plantar fasciitis in running athletes. A prospective, randomized, placebo-controlled trial. Am J Sports Med. 2003 Mar-Apr, 31(2):268-75
S Rompe JD, et al. Shock awar application for chronic plantar fasciitis in running athletes. A prospective, randomized, placebo-controlled trial. Am J Sports Med. 2003 Mar-Apr, 31(2):268-75

15 Gollwitzer H, et al. Clinically relevant effectiveness of focused extracorporeal shock wave upresent that treatment of chronic plantar fascilitis: a randomized, controlled multicenter study. J Bone Joint Surg Am. 2015 May 6,97(9):701-8.

16 Lou J, et al. Effectiveness of Extracorporeal Shock Wave Therapy Without Local Anesthesia in Patients With Recalcitrant Plantar Fascilitis: A Meta-Analysis of Randomized Controlled Trials. Am J Phys Med Rehabil. 2017 Aug;96(8):529-534.

#### **Technical Information**

F-SW operating mode	F-SW: Single shock, continuous shock 1–8 Hz
F-SW energy selection	in steps from 0.01 to 0.55 mJ/mm²
Mains input voltage	100 – 240 VAC
Mains frequency	50 / 60 Hz
Mains fuse	T5AL/250 VAC
Power consumption	max. 450 VA
Ambient temperature during operation	10 − 30 °C
Ambient temperature during storage and transport	0 – 50 °C frost free
Ambient pressure during storage and transport	500 – 1060 hPa
Ambient air pressure during operating	800 – 1060 hPa
Air humidity	5 – 90%, non-condensing
Control device weight	22.1 kg (48.7 lbs)
F-SW handpiece weight	590 g (1.7 lbs)
Housing dimensions	(W x H x D) 450 x 165 x 530 mm (18 x 6.5 x 21")
Classification according to FDA	Class III (FDA)
Protection against the ingress of water	IPX1

## Ordering Information

Part Number	Product Description
21090-US	Intelect F-SW Set including:
- 19000	- F-SW Handpiece set
- 4600	- Water bag
- 4700	- Silicone oil
- 22601	- Conductor transmission gel 250 ml (8.5 oz)
- 13-00061-US	- Operating manual
- 0.0032.012-US	- Power cord US

## F-SW<sup>™</sup> Accessories

19100	Stand-off I (Short)
19200	Stand-off II (Long)
19300	Closing ring transparent for stand-off I and II
4650	F-SW cart



DJO, LLC | 1430 Decision Street | Vista | CA 92081-8553 | U.S.A. www.DJOglobal.com